FCUBS Switch Interface Gateway High Availability Configuration Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Release 12.87.06.0.0 [May] [2020]



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1. Purpose

FLEXCUBE Switch Interface Gateway /ATM gateway High Availability (HA) is becoming a must-have requirement for Banks that cannot afford system down time. Since Banks must always be prepared to serve their customers, either a planned or an unplanned loss of service makes it costly when the system is not available.

FLEXCUBE Switch Interface Gateway is subjected to a series of tests to ascertain its ability to be highly available and resilient to failure of all critical components of the deployment. The tests indicated that the system is highly available and a blue print of its deployment for HA is evolved as a result of these tests.

1.1 Introduction

Availability is the degree to which an application or service is available when, and with the functionality, users expect. Availability is measured by the perception of an application's end user. End users experience frustration when their data is unavailable, and they do not understand or care to differentiate between the complex components of an overall solution.

• Reliability: Reliable hardware is one component of an HA solution. Reliable software, including the database and application, is as critical to implementing a highly available solution.

The FLEXCUBE Switch Interface Gateway (referred as POJO SWIG in this doc) comprises of the database server and integration server(where SWIG is deployed). A brief overview of these components is discussed first. In order to provide a truly fault tolerant system, each of these components must be capable of handling failures to render a highly available application system. The magnitude of failures can range from a loss of a single component on one hand to a total loss of the data center.

Key aspects that go into developing, testing and maintaining a business continuity plan are discussed.

1.2 Softwares and Versions

- 1. Oracle Database 12C
- 2. JDK 1.7
- 3. Apache HAProxy 1.6.X

1.3 <u>Scope</u>

The test scope covers

1. Key delivery channel like ATM and POS

All the online simulations took place with the help of ATM native simulator was used.

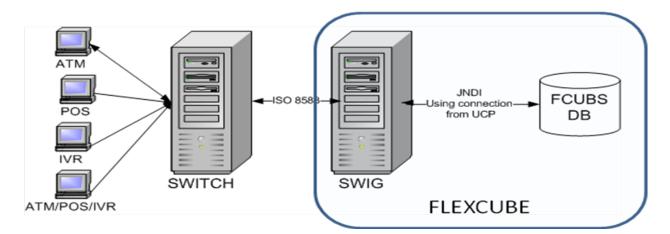
1.4 Test Scope

The primary scope of test cases is to validate FLEXCUBE SWIG availability during its online processing. Test cases

- 1. ATM high availability due to Integration server failure
- 2. ATM high availability due to Database failure

1.5 Architectural Components

This section provides a brief overview of the crucial application components that must have HA built into their deployment.



1.5.1 HOST Database Server

The HOST database server houses the complete business logic and the data of the application. The business logic comprises of PL/SQL stored procedures and functions. These are standard Oracle PL/SQL components. The data is organized into application related tables and Indexes.

The database server can be deployed as either a standalone system or as a Cluster database deploying Oracle RAC (Real Application Cluster). Oracle features such as standby databases can also be leveraged upon for database deployment.

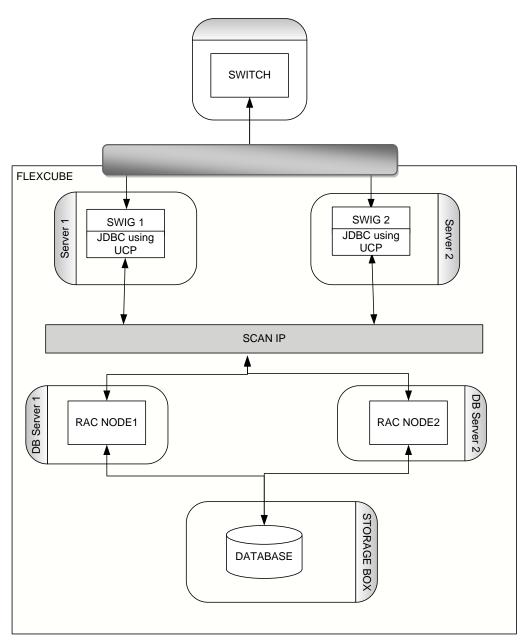
1.5.2 Integration Server

The Integration server is used to host the FLEXCUBE SWIG application. It is deployed as a plain Java component serves as the interface layer between ATM/POS Switch and FLEXCUBE.



2. Deployment Architecture

2.1 SWIG



2.2 Setup & Simulations

The ATM Switch gateway consists primarily of the ATM service (POJO)..

An in-house developed tool was used for ATM transaction simulation as it has to send request in ISO standard format. This tool played the role of ATM switch and continuously posted requests to the core banking systems switch gateway.

The ATM switch gateway was configured in Active-Active mode as all the switches are not aware / capable of doing load balancing configurations. To bring this Active-Active mode, it is required to have External NLB (Network Load Balancer) which could provide virtual IP as application client access point. For the HA test case, Apache HAProxy Load Balancer has been chosen as solution.

HAProxy is used as a balancer for SWIG service. To make use of this feature, Multiple SWIG services are created and the HAProxy was monitoring the switch gateway listener PORT availability. In the event of PORT unavailability at primary node, HAProxy would start sending transactions to SWIG service on secondary node. SWIG Simulator points to HAProxy installed IP and HAProxy takes care of fault tolerant mechanism.

The following screen shot refers the java based ATM transaction simulator and this launched from Oracle JDeveloper.

imulator Configuration Help			
Send Reversal Clear Close < < > >			
Iso Simulator			
Acquiring Institution 222000	Amount Transaction	00000010000	
Forwarding Institution	Settlement Amount		
CAT ID POST0001	Conversion Rate Settlem		
CA ID Code	Transaction Fee Amount	00001000	
Transmision Date Time 0119125833	Settlement Fee Amount	0000000	
System Trace Audit No 000001	Trans Processing Fee Amt	00001000	
Message Type 0100	Settl Processing Fee Amt	0000000	
Primary Account Num 5000445566776000	Transaction Ccy Code	294	
Processing Code 001000	Settlement Ccy Code		
Card Acceptor Name	Cardholder Billing Ccy Co		
Narrative	Network Management Inf	301	
Authorisation code	Time Local Transcation	125833	
Retrieval Reference No MA63FEB0100	Date Local Transcation	0119	
Point of Service Condi	Date Settlement	0119	
Response Code	Date Capture	0119	
Additional Amount	Year Transmission		
	To Account		
	From Account	000001	
	Original Transaction Deta		
	Replacement Amounts		
	Pre-Auth and Charge bac		
	Mini Statement		

2.3 Test Cases & Results

The detailed test cases & Results are tabulated as below:



Test	Failover Component	Input Method	Failure Description	Expected Behaviors	Result	Remark
1	DB	Simulator	 Simulator would inject ATM Txns Either of DB Instance would be stopped abruptly 	The transactions get through using other member of RAC.	Request handled successfully by alternate node of RAC	100 transactions posted. No transactions failed [as sequential inserts]
2	POJO - Listener	Simulator	 Simulator would inject ATM Txns Primary server ATM/POS service would be stopped abruptly 	The HAProxy would failover the ATM/POS service to Secondary server and transactions proceed without failure	HAPRoxy started sending the transactions to the secondary server requests processed successfully.	100 transactions posted. No transactions failed [as sequential inserts]

2.4 System Observations

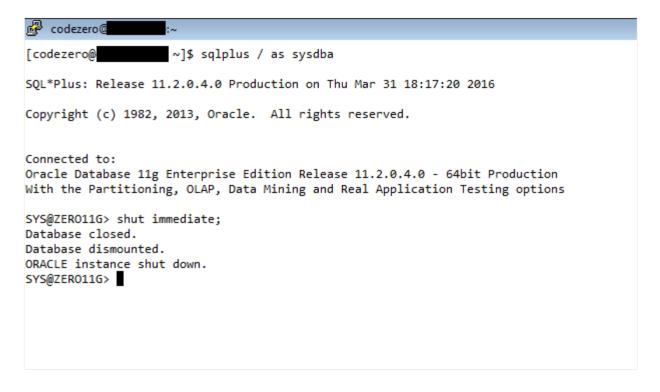
2.4.1 DB Server Failover

The database connections (JDBC) were configured with Multi Datasource [Please refer FCUBS Middleware best Practices document] with Non-XA oracle client.

The database failure had been simulated using abrupt shutdown of the one of the RAC node [i.e. SHUTDOWN ABORT from SYSDBA account].

The below screen shot represents abrupt shutdown of the DB.





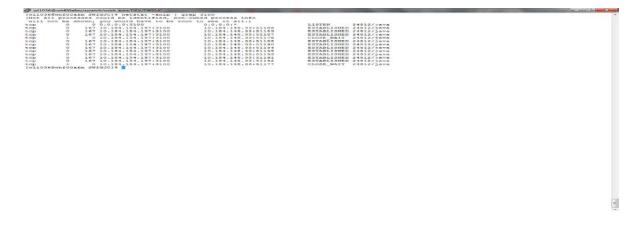
During database failover, connection pool does provide valid connections from available RAC node [Validate Connections option enabled as prescribed in best practices document].

The transaction processed without fail and any intervention from either of the component.

2.4.2 POJO Listener

Both POJO sets are up and running

Following screen shot provides information over TCP/IP listener on node whf00afm port 3100 where all connections are established to process transactions.





Prot@ofss222443/scratch/work_area/DEV/SWIG/C							
[root@ofss222443 SWIGJC]# netstat -anlp grep 3200						*	
tcp	0	0 0.0.0.0:3200	0.0.0:*	LISTEN	27593/java		
[root@of	[root@ofss222443 SWIGJC]#						

, HAProxy sends Transactions to listener on ofss222443 (secondary node) port 3200

🖗 root@ofs222443/scratch/work_area/DEV/SWIG/C 🛌 🗊 🗾 🔀							
[root@o	fss2224	43 SWIGJC]# netstat -anlp g	rep 3200		×		
tcp	0	0 0.0.0.3200	0.0.0:*	LISTEN 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51238	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51245	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	0 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51241	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51240	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	0 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51246	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51244	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51237	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	167 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51239	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	0 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51242	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
tcp	0	0 10.184.148.63:3200	10.184.148.33:51243	ESTABLISHED 27593/java			
[root@ofss222443 SWIGJC]#							

Steps on using HAProxy are attached.





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Oracle Financial Services Software Limited Oracle Park Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India

Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax: +91 22 6718 3001 https://www.oracle.com/industries/financial-services/index.html

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